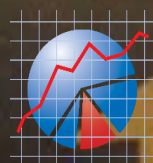


STATISTICAL BULLETIN

CONTINUOUS HOUSEHOLD LABOUR FORCE SURVEY

Q2 | April to June 2025



BSS

BARBADOS STATISTICAL SERVICE

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1. Introduction

The **Continuous Labour Force Sample Survey** (CLFSS) is conducted on a quarterly basis by the Barbados Statistical Service, under the provisions of the Statistics Act CAP 192 of the laws of Barbados. The Survey seeks to obtain, current socio-economic data from persons in randomly selected households across Barbados. This data is used to generate estimates of the island's adult population, 15 years and over, who may be in the Labour Force (Employed and Unemployed) or classified as Inactive (not in the Labour Force).

1.1 Brief Background

The CLFSS started in October 1975, with technical assistance provided through the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). This facilitated the establishment of a survey programme for the collection, compilation, analysis and publication of labour force statistics, on a quarterly basis. It continued each quarter, with short breaks in 1980, 1990 and 2000, during the conduct of the population censuses.

Over this period the Survey has passed through five (5) phases. *Phase 1* started from the fourth quarter 1975, with a sample of households that represented 1% of the total resident, non-institutional population. This sample was selected out of 26 areas, called Enumeration Districts (EDs). *Phase 2* commenced in 1980, with an increase in the sample size to cover 2% of the total resident, non-institutional population. The number of EDs chosen in the sample was correspondingly increased to 45. From *Phase 3*, which started after the 1990 Population and Housing Census, the sample design was modified to include stratification of the eleven (11) parishes. The island was divided into four (4) strata, mainly along geographical lines. Areas within each stratum were thought to have similar socio-economic peculiarities.

Phase 4, started after the 2010 Population and Housing Census and continued using the same sample design, with a sample of approximately 2% of the total private households in the island. Following the conclusion of the 2021 Population and Housing Census, *Phase 5* was initiated in the first quarter of 2024. This phase sought to enhance the robustness of the sample and to make it more representative of the current population, hence, the number of Enumeration Districts sampled was increased from 45 to 54, which led to the growth of the number of households sampled from 1,800 to 2,160.

1.2 Survey Objectives

The basic objectives of the Survey are to measure the labour force and its characteristics on a quarterly basis, as well as to provide a framework on which topics, such as household income and expenditure, poverty and housing conditions, among others, may be measured on a periodic basis.

1.3 Survey Scope and Coverage

Geographical Area Covered

The CLFSS covers the whole country. There was no attempt made to produce sub-national estimates since the sample was not designed to produce estimates below the national level.

Population Covered

The survey covers the adult population, defined as persons aged 15 years old and over, living in private households.

Excluded from the Survey are visitors to the island and persons who are resident in institutions (such as senior citizens homes, children's homes, psychiatric and correctional establishments). However, persons who are temporarily absent from the household (e.g. due to short-term hospitalization; or work, such as fishermen at sea) are still treated as part of that household.

Topics Covered

The following items or topics are covered in the survey:

1. Household characteristics: - e.g. house occupancy/tenancy, land tenure, household size, house type - requested of the head of household only;

2. Individual details such as: -

- Relationship to head of household
- Date of birth
- Nationality
- Marital Status
- Education
- Training
- Status in employment
- Occupation
- Industry
- Major activity last week (for unemployed and inactive population)
- Type of work (employee, self-employed etc.)

- Hours of work
- Main sources of livelihood (for unemployed and inactive population)
- Wages/earnings (for employed population)
- Time-related under-employment.

Periodicity

A moving week is used to determine employment. Consequently, estimates of wages/earnings and hours worked relate to the week preceding the date of interview. On the other hand, estimates of industrial attachment, occupation, education, marital status and training, relate to the date of the interview.

For the unemployed (i.e. those persons who did not have a job in the week preceding the interview but who had been engaged in job-seeking activities for up to three months prior to that date), industry and occupation estimates relate to their last job. Other variables such as education, training and marital status refer to the date of Interview.

2. Concepts and Definitions

Some basic concepts and definitions used in this Survey are stated below.

Reference Period - This is taken as one (1) week preceding the date of enumeration.

Dwelling Unit - This is defined as the living quarters of a single household. However, grouped dwellings (or institutions) such as jails, hospitals, nursing homes, etc., are not covered in the Survey. An exception is where separate, self-contained quarters exist within such institutions for residential staff and their families, etc.; these units are included.

Household (Private) - This comprises all occupants of a dwelling unit, including related persons, lodgers and servants, who share food from a common kitchen.

Labour Force - This is defined as all persons, age 15 years and over, who live in the island and were engaged in (or willing and able to be engaged in) the production of economic goods and services.

Employed Labour Force - According to the 1982 international definition of employment (ILO, 1983) the Employed Labour Force is comprised of all persons above the age specified for measuring the

economically active population, who during a brief period, performed a minimum of one (1) hour's work for pay or profit. Included are persons: (a) who were temporarily absent from a job or business, for such reasons as illness, vacation, strike, study, training or maternity leave; and (b) who worked in family businesses (for a minimum of one hour during the reference period) with no direct payment from the owners, but for family gain or profit.

Thus, Employed persons can be:

- (a) government or private employees, who receive monthly or weekly wages/salaries;
- (b) employers or self-employed persons who realize profit;
- (c) unpaid family workers or apprentices.

Under-Employment (time related/visible) - This concept refers to those persons whose actual hours worked were less than the normal (40) hours per week during the reference period. Additionally, such persons were seeking and were available for more work.

Unemployed Labour Force - The International standard of unemployment (also adopted by Barbados) is based on three (3) criteria to be satisfied simultaneously: -

- (a) Without work - i.e. not in any paid employment or self-employment;
- (b) Currently available for work - for paid employment or self-employment during the reference period;
- (c) Seeking work - i.e. have taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self-employment.

Thus, in Barbados, to be classified as unemployed an individual must not have worked at all during the reference period but must have taken some steps during the preceding 3-months period to find a job. Examples of such steps are writing applications, asking friends or relatives or people in authority, going from one company to the other, or preparing to start own business. Persons on lay-offs or waiting to begin a new job are also classified as unemployed.

Inactive Persons - These include persons who may be at school, retired, incapacitated, keeping house, and do not want work, although they can work. The persons should have been fully in that status throughout the survey period.

Hours of Work - Two approaches to this topic are taken. The first refers to the normal hours of work – i.e. the usual hours of work of the business entity.

The second refers to the actual hours worked by the respondent during the reference period. It includes overtime hours and hours worked in additional jobs, where applicable, but excludes vacation leave, sick leave, public holidays and other forms of paid or unpaid leave. Where the respondent is self-employed, the actual number of hours spent working is required.

Employment-Related Income - In the case of paid employees income refers to gross earnings, including wages, salaries and other compensation in cash and kind. For self-employed persons, the income recorded refers to the labour input of the self-employed plus a return on invested capital. The gross income before the deduction of taxes and social security contributions should be reported. The income covers the reference week.

Standard Error (or Sampling Error) - This denotes the extent to which an estimate derived from a sample might be expected to differ from a corresponding measure obtained from a complete census.

Relative Standard Error - This refers to the sampling error expressed as a percentage of the estimate. It is also referred to as the ***Coefficient of Variation*** (CV).

3. Brief Description of the Sample Design

The survey has employed a multi-stage design from its inception, with a set of Enumeration Districts (EDs) being selected at the first stage with probability proportionate to population size, as revealed by the Population Census. At the second stage, a set of households is selected with inverse probability from each of the selected EDs. This yields a sample which is self-weighting.

Following the census of 1990 some geographical stratification was introduced. The 11 parishes of the island were grouped into four (4) strata. Each stratum was relatively homogeneous in terms of social and economic development. Using the 2021 Census data, a total sample of fifty-four (54) EDs was selected from all strata with the probability proportionate to population.

Enhancements to Sample Design

A review of the survey was undertaken during 2003, under the Caribbean Labour Market Information System Project (CLMIS), sponsored by the International Labour Office. (ILO). Some recommendations made for its enhancement, were implemented from the beginning of the year 2004. The system of sample rotation used was modified and the sampling frame of EDs was revised.

Sample Rotation

Previously, a new sample of households was selected each quarter (i.e. 100% sample rotation). From January 2004, half of the households in each quarter's sample were being retained in the following quarter's sample (i.e. 50% sample rotation). The same sample of overlapping households will also be revisited in the same quarters of the year immediately following. This revised system of sample rotation is designed to impart some greater reliability to a comparison of the statistics generated from quarter to quarter and from year to year. That is, to reduce the variation between the quarterly estimates. During the 1st quarter 2018 a new sample of 45 EDs was drawn to replace the previous sample of EDs, which were exhausted. *A fresh sample of 54 replacement EDs was drawn in the first quarter of 2024 to replace the expired 2018 EDs.*

Amendment to the Area Sample Frame

To facilitate the 50% sample rotation, EDs with small population sizes were amalgamated with adjacent ones to form larger area units, in order to achieve a sampling interval of at least four. This guaranteed that households, having been interviewed in 2 consecutive quarters/rounds and in 2 consecutive years, would not re-enter the survey in under 2 years. The resulting units formed the modified sampling frame, from which a new sample of 45 EDs (the Primary Sampling Units) was selected. Though the number of EDs sampled increased to 54 in 2024, a sampling interval of at least four was maintained, and the resulting units comprised the amended sampling frame, from which the sample of 54 EDs (the Primary Sampling Units) was drawn.

4. Estimation (Main Aggregates)

The mandate of the Barbados Statistical Service was to produce aggregate levels of the key labour force variables rather than changes in these variables from round to round. In this regard, ratio estimation techniques were used.

To estimate a total, X'' , the following formula was employed:

$$X'' = \frac{x' \cdot Y}{y'}$$

where x' and y' are the sample totals and Y is an independent estimate of the adult population.

The Y values are derived quarterly using standard demographic estimation techniques. Each quarter a different Y value is put into the program that generates the labour force statistics. The program

distributes this value according to a fixed set of age/sex/stratum weights, calculated from the 2021 Population Census, and gives each record the appropriate weight.

5. Data Collection Procedures

The data from households were collected through personal interview. The Statistical Service has a very experienced group of Field Officers who have been conducting interviews in the current CLFSS for several years. At present, this field staff number fourteen (14), and is comprised of two (2) Senior Field Investigators (SFOs) and twelve (12) Field Investigators (Interviewers).

A work schedule is drawn up for each quarter, spreading the samples from the 54 EDs as evenly as possible over the 3-month period.

Quality Control of Field Work

Each SFO is responsible for the work of 6 FOs. They take their group to their assigned EDs and ensure that each officer is familiar with the boundaries. They oversee that the work is done as evenly as possible throughout the period and carry out spot checks on each FO in the field.

SFOs are required to follow-up difficult and non-responding households or individuals.

Edits

Edits are carried out by the supervisors and the office staff, which include the following:

- checking the record identification number on the individual questionnaire against the household schedule;
- checking that there are no missing data on the individual questionnaires;
- inserting the codes in boxes for those questions which require such action.

The computer edit program works on the data files, during a number of checks, these include range checks, consistency checks and the insertion of the codes for the unemployed based on the set of rules established for determining the activity status of an individual. *In 2024, a change of survey processing software was made from CSPro (The Census and Survey Processing System) to Survey Solutions (a software for data collection and survey management developed by the World Bank).*

Data Review and Quality Evaluation

Before the release of the Labour Force information, it is checked for reasonableness by comparing it with other economic indicators, such as production and price indices, GDP growth information, selected employment data from other sources as well as the number of claims for unemployment benefits.

6. Simple Analysis describing Main Features of the Data presented.

All the tables presented in this bulletin were introduced as a result of the recommendations made for the enhancement of the Labour Force Survey, under the Caribbean Labour Market Information System project (CLMIS). The industry tables 8.3 and 8.9 were revised from 2010 using the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC), Rev 4. All tables will be produced each quarter.

7. Continuous Household Labour Force Survey Summary

April-June 2025

The Labour Force Survey results for April to June 2025 revealed the below statistical indicators:

- For the 2nd quarter in 2025, the estimated number of unemployed persons was **8.3 thousand** persons.
- The actual number of persons employed in the labour force was **127.4 thousand**.
- As a result, the overall Labour Force for the April to June period was estimated at **135.7 thousand** persons, comprising of **67.5 thousand** males and **68.2 thousand** females.
- The unemployment rate for the reference period was calculated at **6.1 percent**, with the unemployment rates for males and females at **5.8 percent** and **6.3 percent** respectively.
- The overall Labour Force participation rate for April to June 2025 was estimated at **63.5 percent**.

Please Note: The figures produced in the tables are based on the revised weights using the population estimates obtained from the 2021 Population Census.

8. Tabulations

8.1 Adult Population by Activity Status and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Activity Status	Male		Female		Both Sexes	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)
Total Adults	101.7	100.0%	111.9	100.0%	213.6	100.0%
Labour Force	67.5	66.4%	68.2	60.9%	135.7	63.5%
Employed	63.6	62.5%	63.8	57.0%	127.4	59.6%
Unemployed	3.9	3.8%	4.4	3.9%	8.3	3.9%
Not in Labour Force	34.2	33.6%	43.7	39.1%	77.9	36.5%
Kept House	4.7	4.6%	8.2	7.3%	12.9	6.0%
At School	5.3	5.2%	5.6	5.0%	10.9	5.1%
Retired	19.7	19.4%	25.4	22.7%	45.1	21.1%
Incapacitated	2.8	2.8%	2.9	2.6%	5.7	2.7%
Other	1.5	1.5%	1.5	1.3%	3.0	1.4%
Not Classified	0.2	0.2%	0.1	0.1%	0.3	0.1%

8.2 Unemployment Rate and Activity Rates by Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Activity Rates	Male (%)	Female (%)	Both Sexes (%)
Employment Rate			
Employed as Percentage of Labour Force	94.2	93.5	93.9
Unemployment Rate			
Unemployment as Percentage of Labour Force	5.8	6.3	6.1
Participation Rate			
Labour Force as Percentage of Total Adult Population	66.4	60.9	63.5
Inactivity Rate			
Inactive Adults as Percentage of Total Adult Population	33.6	39.1	36.5

8.3 Employment by Industry and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Industry	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	2.0	0.6	2.6
Construction, Mining and Quarrying	11.2	0.7	11.9
Manufacturing	4.3	3.5	7.8
Elec, Gas, Steam, Water and Air Conditioning Supply	1.7	1.8	3.5
Transportation and Storage	3.7	2.3	6.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	9.3	9.0	18.3
Accommodation and Food Services	6.4	10.2	16.6
Finance and Insurance	2.3	4.3	6.6
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	1.6	2.7	4.3
Administrative and Support Service	4.4	2.6	7.0
Public Administration and Defence	6.9	7.3	14.2
Education	1.7	4.4	6.1
Human Health and Social Work	1.3	3.5	4.8
Other Services	1.1	2.5	3.6
Activities of Households as Employers	1.5	3.8	5.3
Other Groups	3.9	4.6	8.5
Not Stated	0.3	0.0	0.3
Total	63.6	63.8	127.4

8.4 Employment by Occupation and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Occupation	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Legislators, Senior Officers	5.9	6.3	12.2
Professionals	5.4	9.2	14.6
Technicians and Associate Professionals	7.1	6.8	13.9
Clerks	3.1	13.6	16.7
Service Workers/Shop Workers	8.9	16.9	25.8
Skilled Agricultural Workers	4.3	0.6	4.9
Craft and Related Workers	11.1	1.1	12.2
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	6.6	0.8	7.4
Elementary Occupations	10.3	7.6	17.9
Not Stated	0.9	0.9	1.8
Total	63.6	63.8	127.4

8.5 Employed Labour Force by Broad Age Group and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Broad Age Group (years)	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
15 - 19	1.5	1.6	3.1
20 - 44	33.3	31.8	65.1
45 - 64	25.0	27.3	52.3
65 and over	3.7	3.1	6.8
Not Stated	0.1	0.0	0.1
Total	63.6	63.8	127.4

8.6 Employment Earnings (Last Week) and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Earnings during Last Week	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Under \$200	0.0	0.0	0.0
\$200 - \$499	0.9	1.1	2.0
\$500 - \$999	18.0	23.8	41.8
\$1000 - \$1300	29.9	24.0	53.9
Over \$1300	3.9	4.0	7.9
Not Stated	6.3	4.1	10.4
Total	63.6	63.8	127.4

8.7 Unemployed Labour Force by Broad Age Group and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Age Group (years)	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
15 - 19	0.4	0.6	1.0
20 - 44	2.5	2.7	5.2
45 - 64	0.9	1.1	2.0
65 and Over	0.1	0.0	0.1
Total	3.9	4.4	8.3

8.8 Unemployment Labour Force by Last Occupation and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Last Occupation	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
No Work Experience	0.4	0.5	0.9
Legislators, Snr. Offs., Profs., Technicians and Assoc. Profs.	0.1	0.8	0.9
Clerks, Service Workers/Shop Workers., Skilled Agricultural Workers	1.1	2.4	3.5
Craft and Related Workers, Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	0.9	0.1	1.0
Elementary Occupations	0.8	0.5	1.3
Not Stated	0.6	0.1	0.7
Total	3.9	4.4	8.3

8.9 Unemployed Labour Force by Last Industry and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Last Industry	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
No Work Experience	0.4	0.5	0.9
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	0.1	0.1	0.2
Construction, Mining and Quarrying	0.6	0.1	0.7
Manufacturing	0.1	0.2	0.3
Elec, Gas, Steam, Water, and Air Conditioning Supply	0.1	0.0	0.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	0.1	0.6	0.7
Transportation and Storage	0.6	0.8	1.4
Accommodation and Food Services	0.1	0.2	0.3
Finance and Insurance	0.1	0.2	0.3
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	0.0	0.2	0.2
Administrative and Support Service	0.4	0.3	0.7
Public Administration and Defence	0.1	0.4	0.5
Education	0.0	0.1	0.1
Human Health and Social Work	0.1	0.1	0.2
Other Services	0.1	0.0	0.1
Activities of Households as Employers	0.0	0.3	0.3
Other Groups	0.3	0.1	0.4
Not Stated	0.6	0.2	0.8
Total	3.9	4.4	8.3

8.10 Persons Seeking Work by Length of Job Search and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Length of Job Search	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
1 Month or less	0.5	0.4	0.9
Between 1 and 3 Months	0.9	0.6	1.5
Between 3 Months and 1 Year	1.2	1.7	2.9
Over 1 Year	0.4	0.9	1.3
Not Stated	0.9	0.8	1.7
Total	3.9	4.4	8.3

8.11 Under-Employed (visible) by Hours Actually Worked during Last Week and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Hours Worked During the Past Week	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
None	0.4	0.1	0.5
Under 10	0.3	0.1	0.4
10 - 19	0.2	0.5	0.7
20 - 29	0.4	0.6	1.0
30 - 39	0.5	0.5	1.0
Not Stated	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1.8	1.8	3.6

8.12 Underemployment by Earnings (Last Week) and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Earnings during Last Week	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Under \$200	0.5	0.2	0.7
\$200 - \$499	0.4	1.4	1.8
\$500 - \$999	0.4	0.1	0.5
\$1000-\$1300	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	0.5	0.0	0.5
Total	1.8	1.8	3.6

8.13 Underemployed by Occupation and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Occupation	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Legislators, Snr. Offs., Profs., Technicians and Assoc. Profs	0.3	0.3	0.6
Clerks, Service Workers/Shop Workers., Skilled Agricultural Workers	0.4	1.1	1.5
Craft and Rel Workers., Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	0.6	0.1	0.7
Elementary Occupations	0.5	0.2	0.7
Not Stated	0.0	0.1	0.1
Total	1.8	1.8	3.6

8.14 Employed by Employment Status and Sex

2nd Quarter 2025

Employment Status	Thousand Persons		
	Male	Female	Both Sexes
Employer	0.0	0.0	0.0
Government Employee	10.2	13.1	23.3
Private Employee	38.4	43.6	82.0
Self Employed	14.8	7.1	21.9
Unpaid Family Worker	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	0.2	0.0	0.2
Total	63.6	63.8	127.4

8.15 2nd Quarter 2024 to 2nd Quarter 2025

For the Period: 1st Quarter 2024 to 2nd Quarter 2025
(000 PERSONS)

PERIOD / QUARTER	GENDER	ADULT POPULATION					PARTICIPATION RATE ^{1/} (%)	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE ^{2/} (%)
		TOTAL	LABOUR FORCE			INACTIVE		
		ADULTS	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	TOTAL	ADULTS		
1st Qr. 2024	Male	102.3	61.4	5.2	66.6	35.7	65.1	7.8
	Female	112.9	60.7	3.8	64.5	48.4	57.1	5.9
	Both Sexes	215.2	122.1	9.0	131.1	84.1	60.9	6.9
2nd Qr. 2024	Male	102.8	63.8	5.4	69.2	33.6	67.3	7.8
	Female	112.8	62.5	5.2	67.7	45.1	60.0	7.7
	Both Sexes	215.6	126.3	10.6	136.9	78.7	63.5	7.7
3rd Qr. 2024	Male	102.0	65.6	5.0	70.6	31.4	69.2	7.0
	Female	112.2	65.3	5.0	70.3	41.9	62.7	7.1
	Both Sexes	214.2	130.9	10.0	140.9	73.3	65.8	7.1
1st Qr. 2025	Male	101.9	64.1	3.9	68.0	33.9	66.7	5.7
	Female	112.1	62.1	4.6	66.7	45.4	59.5	6.9
	Both Sexes	214.0	126.2	8.5	134.7	79.3	62.9	6.3
2nd Qr. 2025	Male	101.7	63.6	3.9	67.5	34.2	66.4	5.8
	Female	111.9	63.8	4.4	68.2	43.7	60.9	6.3
	Both Sexes	213.6	127.4	8.3	135.7	77.9	63.5	6.1

9. Charts

Chart 1 Adult Population by Activity Status Both Sexes
(‘000s Persons)
2nd Quarter 2025

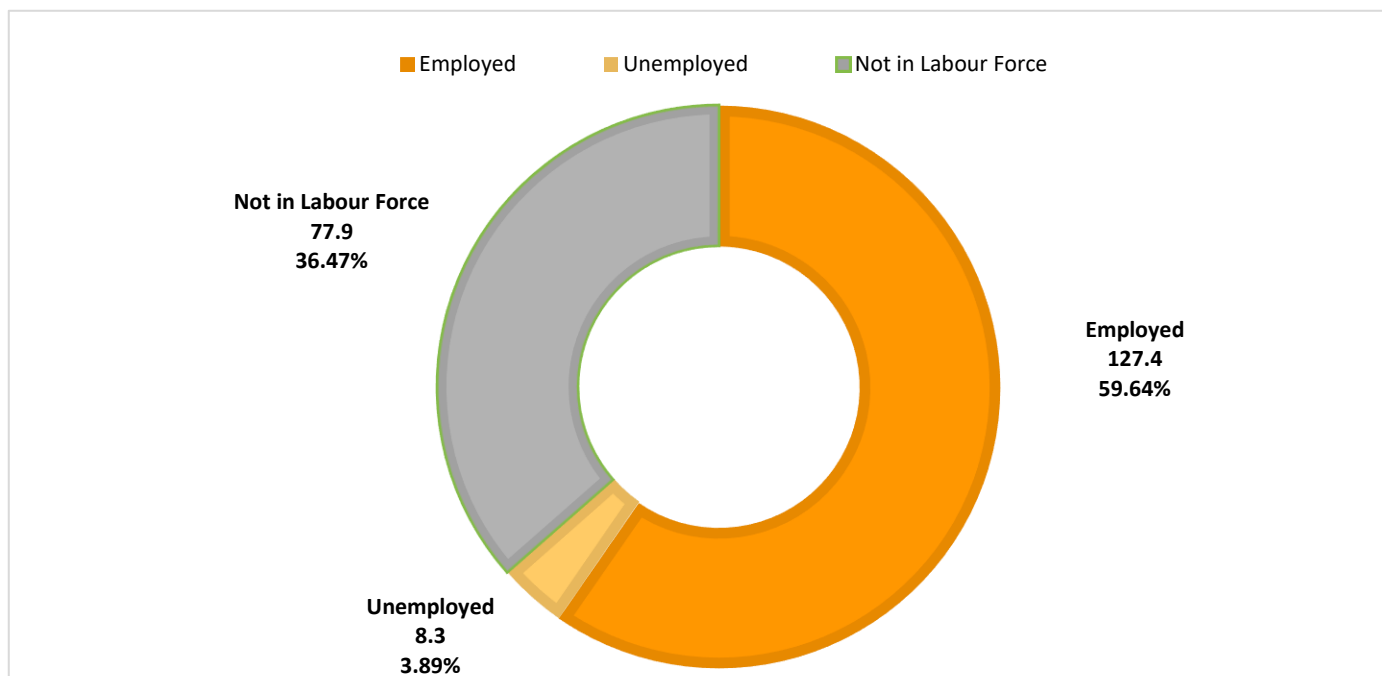


Chart 2 Activity Rate by Sex
(%)
2nd Quarter 2025

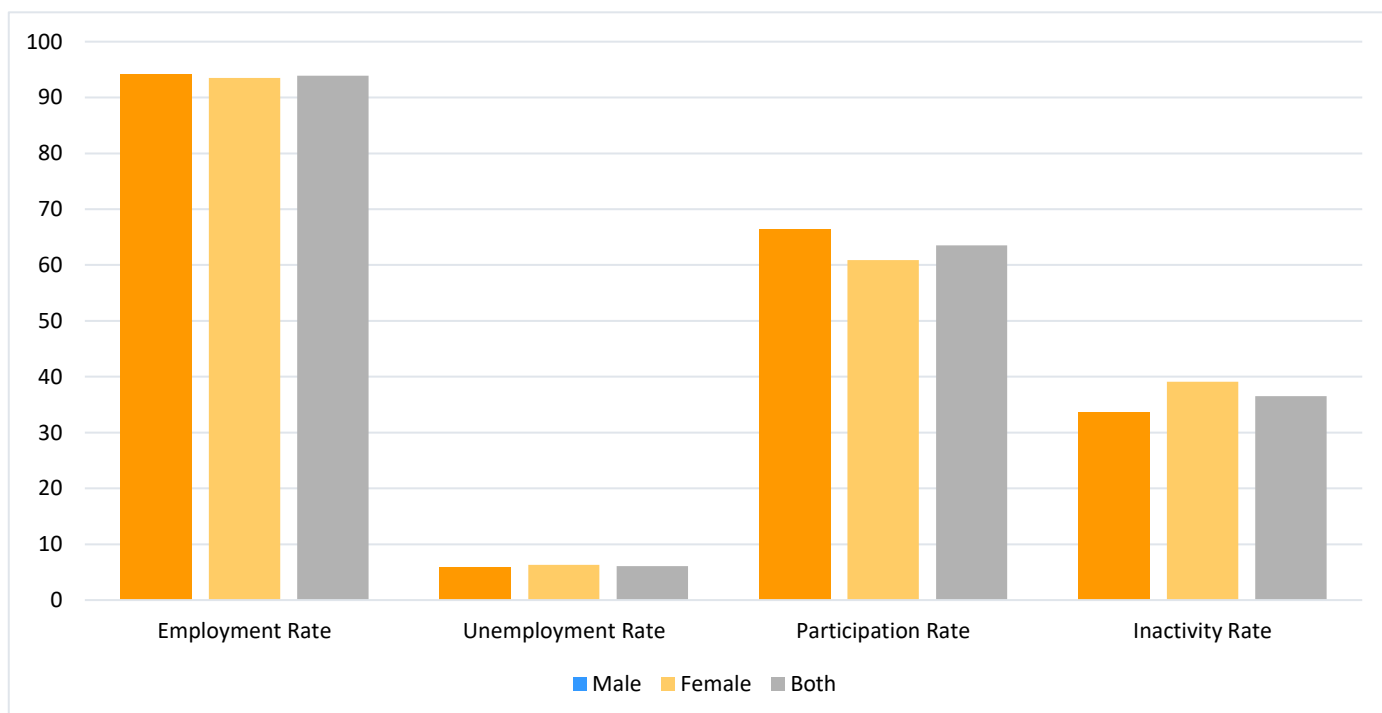


Chart 3 Employed Labour Force by Broad Age Group and Sex

('000s Persons)

2nd Quarter 2025

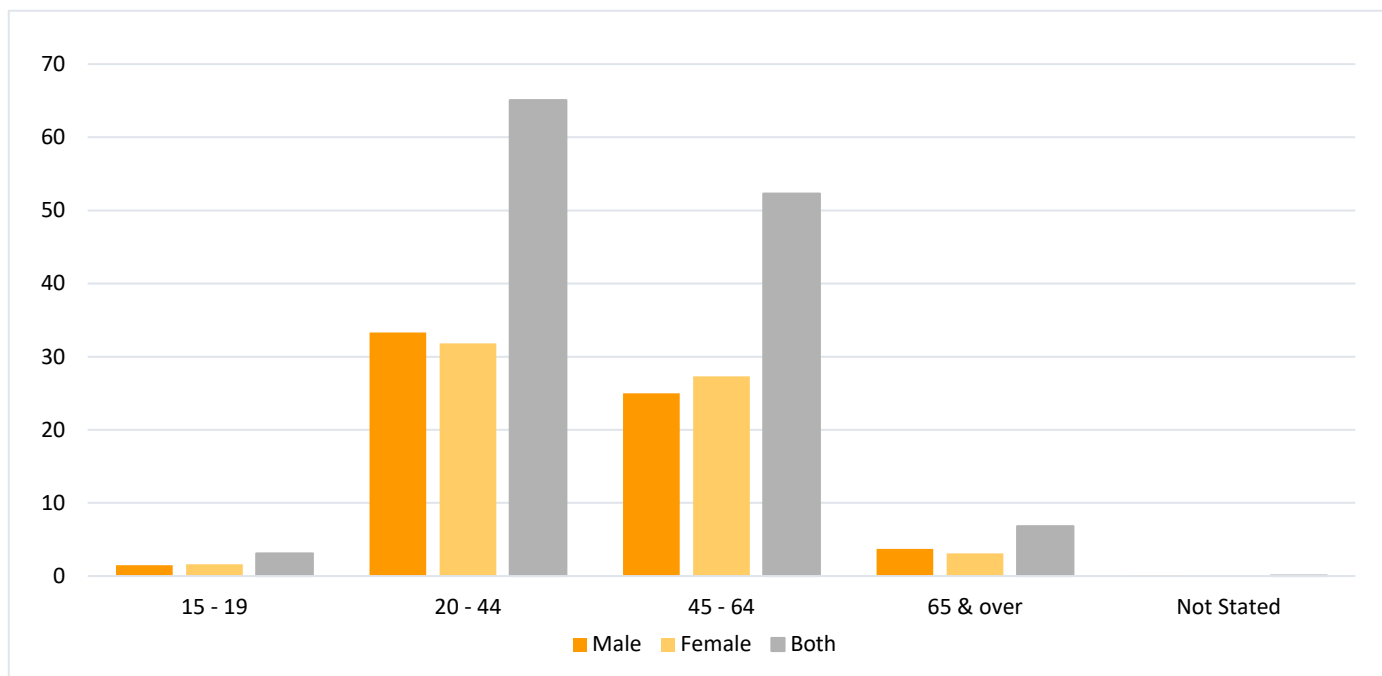


Chart 4 Unemployment by Broad Age Group and Sex

('000s Persons)

2nd Quarter 2025

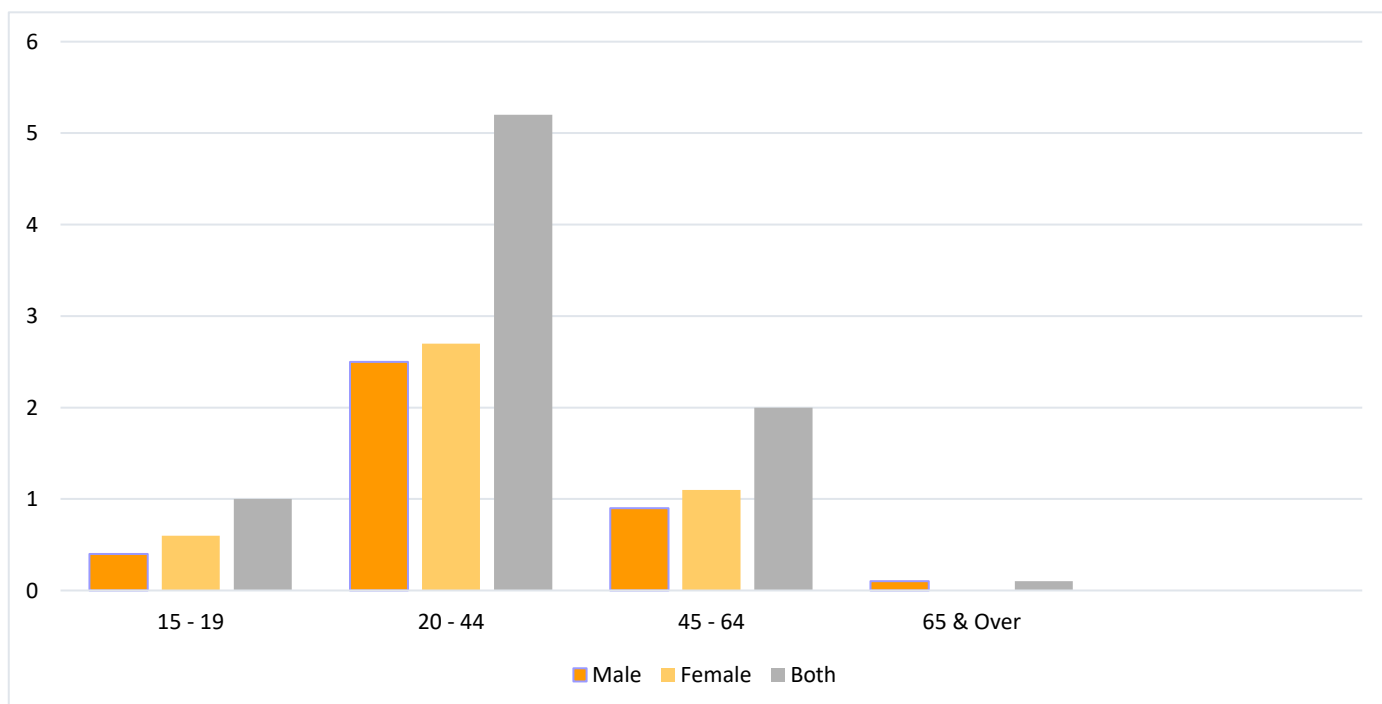


Chart 5 Persons Seeking Work by Length of Job Search and Sex

('000s Persons)

2nd Quarter 2025

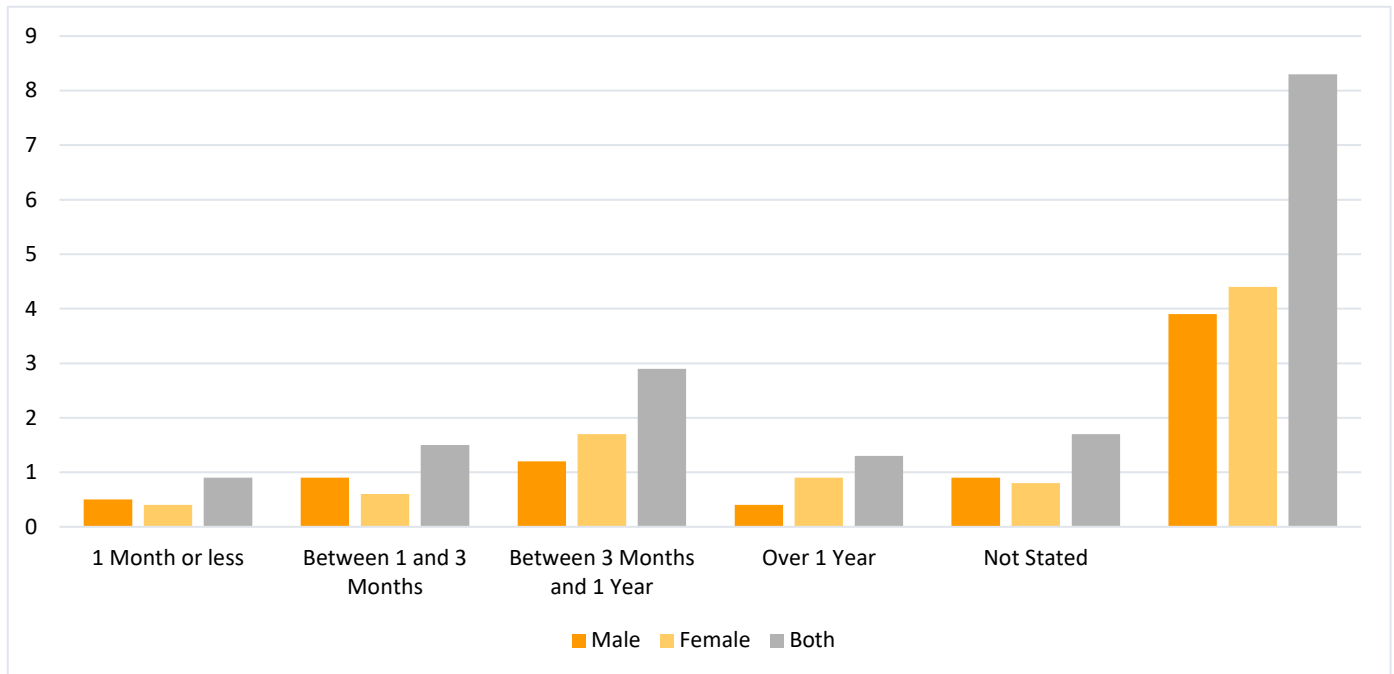


Chart 6 Employment by Status and Sex

('000s Persons)

2nd Quarter 2025

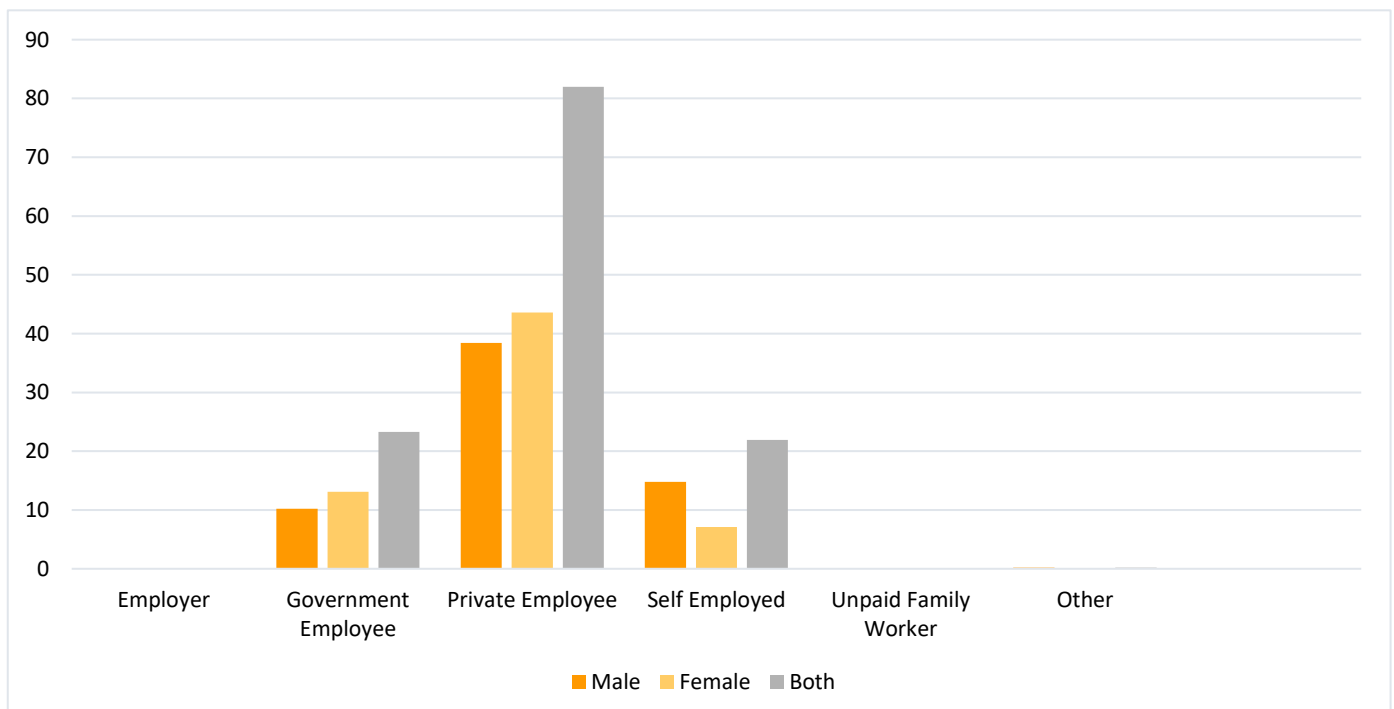


Chart 7 Full Time or Part Time by Sex
(‘000s Persons)
2nd Quarter 2025

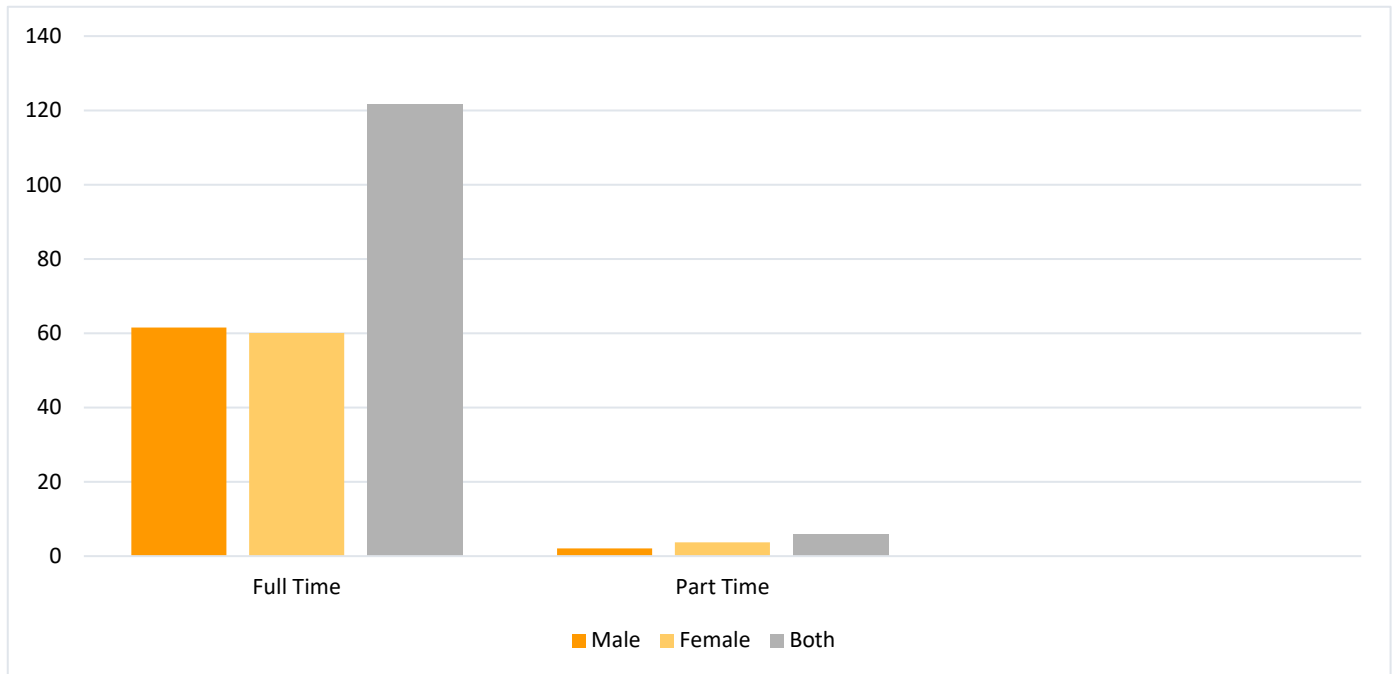


Chart 8 Employed: Hours Actually Worked Last Week by Sex
(‘000s Persons)
2nd Quarter 2025

